Rt Hon Boris Johnson MP Prime Minister 10 Downing Street London SW1A 2AA

CC:

Rt Hon Elizabeth Truss MP, Foreign Secretary Rt Hon Rishi Sunak MP, Chancellor of the Exchequer Rt Hon Kwasi Kwarteng MP, Secretary of State for Business, Energy, and Industrial Strategy Rt Hon Anne-Marie Trevelyan MP, Secretary of State for International Trade Rt Hon George Eustice MP, Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs Jonathan Black, UK G7/G20 Sherpa, Director General - Cabinet Office

23<sup>rd</sup> June 2022

Dear Prime Minister,

The consequences of the Russian invasion of Ukraine are further driving up global prices of food, fuel, and critical agricultural inputs – deepening an already alarming situation. This week's G7 Summit is an excellent opportunity for heads of state to demonstrate global leadership, solidarity, and responsibility by addressing an unprecedented level of multi-layered crises faced by people around the world with rural women among the worst affected. We welcome the UK's efforts to get the blockade of the Black Sea ports lifted, which will allow re-stabilisation of grain trade. However, urgent action is needed to help\_at least 49 million people in 43 countries at risk of famine. This is the time to walk the talk and show the UK's commitment to <u>'leave no one behind'</u>.

We urge you to use all possible diplomatic, financial, and humanitarian means to deliver speedy and well-resourced action and help broker multilateral consensus for effective and collective action.

Specifically, we call for the following actions:

## 1. Ensure full implementation of the 2021 G7 Famine Prevention and Humanitarian Crisis Compact

Just last year the UK spearheaded the G7 Famine Prevention and Humanitarian Crisis Compact. The G7 is now facing the first real test of its resolve. With <u>more than 274 million</u> men, women and children across the world in need of humanitarian assistance and at least 49 million at risk of famine, the UK government should ensure that this compact lives up to its promise.

We ask for a one-year progress report on the implementation of the Compact within three months of the Summit to demonstrate genuine accountability and concrete humanitarian and resilience funding commitments.

2. Support the immediate scale-up of global food security response and essential nutrition services, focusing where the need is highest and through all available mechanisms, which include:

A. **Upholding** the <u>Grand Bargain</u>'s commitments to support local actors, including through direct and timely financing, to strengthen communities' capacity to prevent, respond to, and absorb shocks through increased investments in shock-responsive social protection systems and cash programming that reach the most vulnerable communities,

with a focus on women, girls, older persons and persons with disabilities, including in conflict settings.

B. **Providing** an immediate package of support to relevant UN agencies and civil society actors to scale up essential nutrition services in countries with the highest burden of malnutrition. The UK should do their part to ensure the G7 allocate at least \$1.2 billion to UNICEF, including dedicated funding for The Nutrition Fund.

C. **Using** the UK's diplomatic and political capital to increase the World Bank's initial commitment of an additional \$12 billion over 15 months.

D. **Supporting** WFP's <u>\$21.5 billion requirement</u> to reach 147 million people in 2022, which includes \$1.6 billion to provide additional services to 30 million of the most vulnerable children and pregnant and breastfeeding women in need of malnutrition prevention and treatment services, and the UN's \$4.4 billion appeal for the Horn of Africa;

E. **Contributing** the UK's fair share of the global investment [\$2.3bn] needed to scale up evidence-based nutrition interventions as outlined in the Investment Framework for <u>Nutrition</u>.

## 3. Invest in building resilience and addressing the drivers of crises

Emergency aid alone is not enough to end this crisis. Donors need to double down on building resilience in fragile places and address the underlying drivers of crises by investing in climate change adaptation, advancing peace, and reforming international debt architecture. The UK, together with other G7 countries, must support and seek consensus on a redesign of the global economic system that works for all people and creates more equal opportunities for all. Our partners have eloquently presented several ideas to the G7 and the UK government already. The UK government should, in particular:

A. Addressing the drivers of crises, ensure that principled humanitarian action as well as peacebuilding and other conflict prevention approaches, are adequately funded, including through multi-year, flexible mechanisms that allow for local organisations to meaningfully engage.

B. Support the reallocation of at least \$100 billion in Special Drawing Rights to the International Monetary Fund and through Multilateral Development Banks and the International Fund for Agricultural Development.

C. Use the newly established <u>Alliance for Global Food Security</u> as a platform to meaningfully engage governments in Africa, Asia and Latin America, smallholder farmers, academics and civil society to work together on agricultural development, health and nutrition and climate;

D. Maximize investments made in the <u>Global Agriculture and Food Security Program</u> and UK-owned British International Investment to create sustainable agriculture and food systems in fragile countries, and in particular, support smallholders to boost their sustainable, climate-sensitive, nutritious food production capacity for local or regional needs.

E. Stop using food for fuel: roll back biofuel mandates with a commitment to cut mandates now by 50%.

F. Invest \$200 million in the African Development Bank's \$1.5 billion African Emergency Food Production Facility to support 20 million farmers.

G. Provide \$39 million to FAO to support 52 countries vulnerable to the current crisis to identify policies and interventions to address food loss and waste over three years (2022-2024).

We, the undersigned, urge you to show your political will and readiness to give the highest importance to this multi-layered crisis, recognising that insufficient actions and funding will only increase the cost in the long term.

Yours sincerely,

David Evans, UK Country Director, Ace Africa Othman Mogbel, CEO, Action for Humanity John Good, Acting CEO, ActionAid UK Andrew Betts, Director, Advantage Africa Graeme Hodge, CEO, All We Can Tim Monger, CEO, Amigos Worldwide Camilla Knox-Peebles, Chief Executive, Amref Health Africa Sheniz Tan, CEO, Asfar CIC Stephanie Draper, CEO, Bond Lewis Temple, CEO, BRAC UK Andrew Jowett OBE, Chief Executive, Build it International Neil Thorns, Director for Advocacy and Education, CAFOD Kirsty Smith, CEO, CBM UK Professor Philip N. Dearden, Head of Centre for International Development and Training (CIDT), Centre for International Development and Training (CIDT), University of Wolverhampton Richard Moore, CEO, Children in Crossfire Karimi Kinoti, Director of Policy, Public Affairs and Campaigns (interim), Christian Aid Justin Dowds, CEO, Compassion UK Ellen Waters, Director of Development, Doctors of the World UK Matthew Lake, CEO, Dhaka Ahsania Mission UK Monowara Gani, CEO, Doctors Worldwide James Shaw-Hamilton, CEO, Educate a Child International Petter Matthews, Executive Director, Engineers Against Poverty Sandra Golding, CEO, Feed the Minds Michael Deriaz, Chairman, Friends of Kipkelion Lawrence Haddad, Executive Director, GAIN Martin Drewry, CEO, Health Poverty Action Stewart Britten, Medical Advisor, HealthProm Justin Derbyshire, CEO, HelpAge International George Graham, Chief Executive, Humanity & Inclusion UK Professor Melissa Leach, Director, Institute of Development Studies Nic Hailey CMG, Executive Director, International Alert John Reynolds, CEO, International Nepal Fellowship UK Laura Kyrke Smith, Executive Director, International Rescue Committee UK Edward Hartley, Chair of the Trustees, IRFF UK Olivia Barker White, CEO, Kids Club Kampala Fiona Greig CEO, Link Education International Maria Spink, CEO, Lyra in Africa Catherine McCarthy, Chief Executive, Medical Aid Films Michael Mckean, interim Executive Director, Mercy Corps Europe Irfan Khan, Director Humanitarian and International Partnerships, Muslim Hands Martin Hartberg, Director, Norwegian Refugee Council UK Romilly Greenhill, UK Director, ONE Campaign Danny Sriskandarajah, CEO, Oxfam GB

Rose Caldwell, CEO, Plan International UK Alistair Currie, Head of Campaigns and Communications, Population Matters Sarah Roberts, CEO, Practical Action Terina Keene, Group Chief Executive, Railway Children Ian Shapiro, CEO, Reall Claire Kettle, Director, Re-Cycle Alex Runswick, Head of Policy Advocacy, RESULTS UK Paul Stuart, CEO, Ripple Effect Paul Murphy, Executive Director, Saferworld Dr. John A McConnell, Managing Trustee, Scholarships for Street Kids (S4SK) Alistair Dutton, Chief Executive, SCIAF (Caritas Scotland) Frances Guy, CEO, Scotland's International Development Alliance Paul Asquith, Director of Research and Advocacy, Shabaka / AFFORD Alison Wallace, CEO, SOS Children's Villages UK Christina Bennett, CEO, Start Network Girish Menon, Chief Executive Officer, STIR Education Nigel Harris, CEO, Tearfund Lynne Morris OBE, CEO, Toybox Charlotte Timson, CEO, Traidcraft Exchange Ben Simms, Chief Executive, Tropical Health and Education Trust (THET) Jon Sparkes OBE, UK Committee for UNICEF (UNICEF UK) Clare Wearden, Director, Village Water Ltd Philip Goodwin, Chief Executive, VSO International Rob Williams, CEO, War Child UK Tim Wainwright, Chief Executive, WaterAid Dr Nick Hepworth, Executive Director, Water Witness International Dr. Mikey Rosato, Chief Executive, Women and Children First Paul Anticoni, Chief Executive, World Jewish Relief Mark Sheard, CEO, World Vision UK Dr Stephen Connor, Executive Director, Worldwide Hospice Palliative Care Alliance